URAZ OKOŁOPORODOWY A UŻYWANIE ALKOHOLU I ŚRODKÓW UZALEŻNIAJĄCYCH PRZEZ ŻOŁNIERZY JEDNOSTKI AEROMOBILNEJ (SZYBKIEGO REAGOWANIA)

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PERINATAL DISORDER AND ALCOHOL OR OTHER PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCE USE IN SOLDIERS OF AIRMOBILE UNIT

ABSTRACT – The main aim of the research was analysis and comparative evaluation of perinatal disorders and their influence on addictions in the population of recruits of basic military service of submits of 25 Air Cavalry Brigade.

In 2001 year 266 recruits who entered 1 squadron of 25 Air Cavalry Brigade had psychiatric and psychological examination was carried out on the basis of specially constructed "Examination cheart of the recruit" which consist of seventeen questions relating to history, physical examination, psychiatric examination, and attitude to addictions.

The psychological examination was carried out using MOOS's and ACL's tests.

The authors showed the results of the research on the addictives in the population of soldiers with positive perinatal history compare to those with negative one.

In the examined population of soldiers about 17% had positive perinatal disorders history.

This population more often was an addictives or ever overdosed addictives and alcohol since school years.

Psychiatric disorders resulting from alcohol overdose were more frequent in the population.

The soldiers with history of perinatal disorders more often use irrational remedial measures while solving problems.

Key words: psychoactive substance use, perinatal disorder, air mobile forces.