

dochód pozostający w dyspozycji jednostki i detaliczne ceny alkoholu również będą badane w celu uzyskania lepszego wglądu we fluktuacje w ciągu roku zmiennych wskaźników alkoholu. Wyciągnięcie ostatecznych wniosków dotyczących nowych zasad udzielania zezwoleń nie będzie możliwe, dopóki nie zostaną udostępnione wyniki tego nowego badania.

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Changes in Licensing Law in England and Wales and Alcohol-Related Mortality

Summary

Trends in alcohol-related mortality were examined in the light of the 1988 amendments to the Licensing Act in England & Wales. Mortality data for England & Wales were collected for five ICD categories of alcohol-related illness over twelve years (1980-1991) and compared with control data obtained from Scotland. The data were analysed by logistic-linear modelling using the GLIM computer package.

Mortality rates from chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (ICD 571), pancreatitis (ICD 577) and alcohol dependence or psychosis (ICD 303 & ICD 291) appeared to be unaffected by the extension of opening hours. Deaths from alcoholic poisoning (ICD E860) in England & Wales increased slightly after 1988, but this coincided with a large decrease in Scottish figures, and is therefore difficult to interpret unequivocally.

Overall, there was no clear evidence of a significant increase in alcohol-related mortality following introduction of the new licensing laws.

Piśmiennictwo

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